

$$\text{FIND } \frac{f(x) - f(1)}{x - 1} \quad x \neq 1$$

$$1) f(x) = 3x$$

$$\frac{3x - 3}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{3(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= 3$$

$$2) f(x) = -2x$$

$$\frac{-2x - (-2)}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-2x + 2}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-2(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= -2$$

$$3) f(x) = 1 - 3x$$

$$\frac{1 - 3x - (-2)}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-3x + 3}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-3(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= -3$$

$$4) f(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 1 - (2)}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= x + 1$$

$$5) f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - 2x - (1)}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{(3x+1)(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= 3x + 1$$

$$6) f(x) = 4x - 2x^2$$

$$\frac{4x - 2x^2 - 2}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-2(x^2 - 2x + 1)}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{-2(x-1)(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= -2x + 2$$

$$7) f(x) = x^3 - x$$

$$\frac{x^3 - x - 0}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{x(x+1)(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= x^2 + x$$

$$8) f(x) = x^2 + x$$

$$\frac{x^2 + x - 2}{x - 1}$$

$$\frac{(x+2)(x-1)}{x-1}$$

$$= x^2 + 2$$

$$9) f(x) = \frac{2}{x+1}$$

$$\frac{2}{x+1} = \frac{x+1}{x+1}$$

$$\frac{-x+1}{x+1} = \frac{-(x-1)}{x+1} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}} = \frac{-1}{x+1}$$

$$10) f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{x^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{1-x^2}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{x}{x-1}$$

$$= \frac{(1+x)(1-x)}{x^2} \cdot \frac{1}{-1(1-x)}$$

$$= \frac{1+x}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{[f(a+h) - f(a)]}{h}$$

$$13) f(x) = -6x + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{-6(a+h) + 1 - (-6a + 1)}{h} \\ & \frac{-6a - 6h + 1 + 6a - 1}{h} \\ & \frac{-6h}{h} \\ & = -6 \end{aligned}$$

$$14) f(x) = 12x - 9$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{12(a+h) - 9 - (12a - 9)}{h} \\ & \frac{12a + 12h - 9 - 12a + 9}{h} \\ & \frac{12h}{h} \\ & = 12 \end{aligned}$$

$$15) f(x) = 2x^2 + 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(a+h)^2 + 4 - (2a^2 + 4)/h \\ & 2a^2 + 4ah + 2h^2 + 4 - 2a^2 - 4/h \\ & 4(ah + h^2)/h \\ & = 4a + 2h \end{aligned}$$

$$16) f(x) = 3x^2 - 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 3(a+h)^2 - 7 - (3a^2 - 7)/h \\ & 3a^2 + 6ah + 3h^2 - 7 - 3a^2 + 7/h \\ & 6ah + 3h^2/h \\ & = 6a + 3h \end{aligned}$$

$$17) f(x) = 3x^2 - x + 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 3(a+h)^2 - (a+h) + 4 - (3a^2 - a + 4)/h \\ & 3a^2 + 6ah + 3h^2 - a - h + 4 - 3a^2 + a - 4/h \\ & = 6a + 3h - 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$18) f(x) = 4x^2 + 2x - 7$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 4(a+h)^2 + 2(a+h) - 7 - (4a^2 + 2a - 7)/h \\ & 4a^2 + 8ah + 4h^2 + 2a + 2h - 7 - 4a^2 - 2a + 7/h \\ & = 8a + 4h + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$19) f(x) = -x^2 - 4x + 6$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -(a+h)^2 - 4(a+h) + 6 = (-a^2 - 4a + 6)/h \\ & -a^2 - 2ah - h^2 - 4a - 4h + 6 + a^2 + 4a - 6/h \\ & -2a - h - 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$20) f(x) = -2x^2 + 3x + 10$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -2(a+h)^2 + 3(a+h) + 10 = (-2a^2 + 3a + 10)/h \\ & -2a^2 - 4ah - 2h^2 + 3a + 3h + 10 + 2a^2 - 3a - 10/h \\ & = -4a - 2h + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$21) f(x) = x^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (a+h)^3 - a^3 / h \\ & a^3 + 3a^2h + 3ah^2 + h^3 - a^3 / h \\ & = 3a^2 + 3ah + h^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$22) f(x) = 2x^3 + 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2(a+h)^3 + 4 - (2a^3 + 4)/h \\ & 2a^3 + 6a^2h + 6ah^2 + 2h^3 + 4 - 2a^3 - 4/h \\ & = 6a^2 + 6ah + 2h^2 \end{aligned}$$