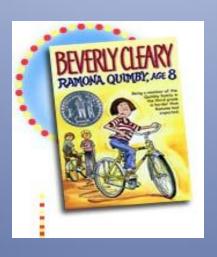
# RAMONA QUIMBY, AGE 8



Lesson 24
Day 4

# Question of the Day

What would you say or do to encourage someone who was embarrassed to be creative?

# You could tell them .....

- You should not be afraid to express yourself
- People who laugh at creative ideas are usually not creative
- You should always do your best

If my friend was embarrassed to be creative, I would tell my friend to\_\_\_\_\_.

# TODAY'S READ ALOUD

"Creativity Wins Out"

# Our purpose for reading this story ......

- For enjoyment
- To learn why creativity is important

#### **Creativity Wins Out**

Alex had been given the main part in the school play, and he was thrilled. It was going to be a big production, with props and elaborate costumes. Students could invite their whole families, not just their parents.

Then came the bad news. The school was going to need unexpected repairs, and there was not enough money to pay for a fancy production. The school play was going to be canceled.

Alex and the other student actors were disappointed. They had only just begun rehearsals, but they were already excited about the play. They just had to find a way for the play to go on! They asked Mr. Thomson, who was in charge of the play, if they could meet with him.

The students put together a plan and brought it to the meeting. They wouldn't need a lot of money, and they could still have the play. Instead of elaborate costumes, the students would make their own. Instead of fancy props, the students would use boxes and chart paper to make simple backdrops.

Mr. Thomson thought it was a great idea. The students' creativity won out, and the whole school set to work. The play would not be fancy, but it *would* go on!

#### 1. Why is Alex upset?

The play was going to be cancelled.



#### 2. What is the children's plan?

The students will make their own costumes and will make simple props and backdrops.

#### 3. How does creativity win out?

The play would not be fancy but it would go on.

# Word Work Three – syllable words



• Three syllable words can also have the /=/

re-mem-ber

Sometimes the sound can be found in two of the syllables.

per-form<u>-er</u>

#### Copy these words:

- Place an accent mark after the stressed
- syllable and underline the syllable or syllables
- that have the / \(\begin{aligned}

   that have the / \(\begin{aligned}

musical
mu'-si-cal
computer
com-pu'-ter
audience
au'-di-ence
melody
mel'-o-dy

achievement
a-chieve'-ment
successful
suc-cess'-ful

# Spelling

Breaking words into syllables can help with spelling and finding the

- l. u/pon 10. a/gree
- 2. a/bove 11. ev/er
- 3. cov/er 12. a/mount
- 4. a/part 13. a/head
- 5. ei/ther 14. a/live
- 6. a/like 15. a/round
- 7. a/wake
- 8. a/fraid
- 9. a/cross

# Fluency Let's read with expression

- Good Readers...
- Emphasize words to show emotion
- Alter reading volume, depending on the meaning of words

Read these words with emotion......

- 1. sad
- 2. sweet
- 3. joyful
- 4. funny

- 5. thrilled
- 6. miserable
- 7. unkind

# Fluency Listen as I read: Notice

How I will change the way I say the words so listeners Will recognize how the characters are feeling.

Now you read pages 268 and 269 with a partner and practice matching your tone to the emotion of the character.

#### **Focus Skill**

#### Cause and Effect

What is the difference between cause and effect?



Causes are why something happens: effects are what happened



Remember!!!
Recognizing cause and effect can help you better understand the events in the story.

#### Yard Sale

Sandy had asked her mother over and over and over again for a new soccer ball. Her mother finally said that Sandy could have the soccer ball if she could earn the money to buy it. Of course, Sandy did not want just any soccer ball. She wanted the one with the name of her favorite player's signature on it, and so it cost more than a regular ball.

Sandy really wanted that soccer ball, so she asked her friends to think of a way to earn enough money for it. Emma suggested that she should have a yard sale. Jess and jenny said that is was not only a good idea, but that they would like to join in and earn some money for their own.

Working together they would be able to have a larger Sale and attract more customers. They would each sell some of their old toys and games, and Jess and Jenny could sell some homemade muffins.

The four girls made posters to advertise the yard sale, and Sandy's mother helped them put the signs up around the neighborhood. Many neighbors came to shop, and by the end of the afternoon almost everything had been sold. Sandy had enough money for her soccer ball.



- 2. What does Sandy decide to do?

  She and her friends have a yard sale.
- 3. What happened at the end of the day? Sandy had enough money for the soccer ball.



- A fact is something that can be seen or proven.
- An opinion is a person's thoughts or feelings about a topic.

 Ramona's presentation made the book sound interesting.

• When I read this sentence, I notice the word *interesting*. This tells me that the statement is someone's feeling about Ramona's presentation. Someone may think that her presentation is interesting, but it cannot be proved. This sentence is an opinion.

Ramona's last statement came from a commercial.

• When I read this sentence, I remember that Romona's ending sentence is "I can't believe I read the whole thing." I know that there is a commercial with a similar sentence. This sentence is a fact.

# You Try! Fact or Opinion?

Many students ended their book reports the same way.

a. Factb. Opinion

fact

Ramona's report was very creative.

a. Factb. Opinion

opinion

- Read page 269 and 271 and find one fact and one opinion.
- These are some I found.
- Fact Ramona felt her face turn red behind her mask.
- Opinion That was most entertaining.

# Speaking and Listening

- Organization
- •Review your script so that you are familiar with all the words.
- •Use gestures as you present your facts and opinions.
- •Read with expression to indicate emotion and get classmates excited about the you are advertising.

- Speaking Strategies
- Read your speech with strong feeling.
- Speak loudly and clearly.
- Use gestures and movement to emphasize your point.

#### **Listening Strategies**

Pay attention to the speech. Distinguish facts from the speaker's opinions.

Do not let yourself be distracted. Clap when the speech is over.

# **Robust Vocabulary**

- If you have enough money to buy something, that thing is affordable.
- Is it more affordable to buy a new shirt every day or to wash and wear a shirt more than once?
- If you speak to your friends one at a time, you speak to them individually.
- Would it take a long time to speak to everyone in your class individually?

# **Robust Vocabulary**

- If a place such as your desk or your room has clutter, it is messy and full of things you do not really need.
- How can you get rid of clutter?
- If you beckoned to someone, you used your hand to signal him or her to come to you.
- If you wanted to tell your friend something while you were in the library, would you yell or beckon? 348

- When something is visible, you can see it.
- What kinds of things are visible in the winter but not in the summer?
- If you mentioned something, you talked about it briefly.
- What would you say to someone who mentioned that he or she had two dogs for pets.

# **Robust Vocabulary**

- A remark is something that is said about something.
- What would you remark to someone who had just made a mistake?
- If something flustered you, it made you forget what you were saying or doing.
- What is something this year that caused you to be flustered?

- If you describe or perform something in front of a group of people, you are putting on a presentation.
- Why might a presentation include pictures or actions?
- When you get the result you want, then your actions have been effective.
- If you wanted something, would it be more effective to yell rudely or to calmly give your reasons for wanting it?

## **Word Relationships**

 Synonyms are words or phrases that have the same meanings as other words.



 Of a vocabulary word that means the same as the underlined word in each of the following sentences.

## **Word Relationships**

Think!

• The <u>mess</u> in her room made the room look small.

clutter

The <u>report</u> he made was entertaining.

presentation



#### **Word Relationships**

 Write five sentences using synonyms for some of your vocabulary words. Then you will share your sentence with the class to see if they can guess your Vocabulary word.

 individually affordable presentation effective clutter mentioned beckoned flustered remark visible

#### Grammar

#### **Future Tense Verbs**



- Remember that the tense of a verb tells the time of the action.
- A verb may show past, present, or future tense.

#### Grammar

- Remember....
- a past-tense verb tells about an action that has already happened.
- a present-tense verb tells about an action that is happening now.
- a future-tense verb tells about an action that will happen.

#### Let's Practice!!!!Grammar

Is the verb tense correct?

 My sister is a great writer someday.

a. yesb. no



Is the verb tense correct?

 Yesterday, she will finish her story.



sterday, sile illis

# Writing

#### A Persuasive Paragraph

- •Includes a topic sentence that states the writer's opinion.
- Provides reasons to support the writer's opinion.
- Often uses facts to convince readers.
- Organizes reasons and details into an order that makes sense.
- Concludes by restating the opinion.